Stochastic Hall-magneto-hydrodynamics equations

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Magnetohydrodynamics describes the motion of electrically conductive fluid in the presence of a magnetic field. We consider the following stochastic Hall-MHD system

$$d\mathbf{u} + \left[(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{u} + \nabla p - s (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} + s \nabla \left(\frac{|\mathbf{B}|^2}{2}\right) - \nu_1 \Delta \mathbf{u} \right] dt = \mathbf{G}_1(t, \mathbf{u}) dW_1(t),$$

$$d\mathbf{B} + \left[(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} - (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{u} + \varepsilon \operatorname{curl}[(\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{B}) \times \mathbf{B}] - \nu_2 \Delta \mathbf{B} \right] dt = \mathbf{G}_2(t, \mathbf{B}) dW_2(t)$$

with the incompressibility conditions div $\mathbf{u} = 0$ and div $\mathbf{B} = 0$ and appropriate initial conditions. In this problem \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{B} and p represent velocity, magnetic field and pressure, respectively. The terms $\mathbf{G}_1(t, \mathbf{u})dW_1(t)$, $\mathbf{G}_2(t, \mathbf{B})dW_2(t)$, where $W_1(t), W_2(t)$ are cylindrical Wiener processes, stand for random forces. We concentrate on the existence of a global martingale solution. The construction of the solution is based on the Fourier analysis, the stochastic compactness method and Jakubowski's generalization of the Skorokhod theorem for non-metric spaces.

References

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